



TTI  
SUCCESS  
INSIGHTS®

## Behavioral Team Report

TTISI Team  
TTI Success Insights  
7-18-2017



*Predictable patterns of human nature can be accurately measured through behavioral assessments. A clear understanding of these predictable behaviors can enable productive outcomes. When individual behavioral scores are compiled to examine members of a team, managers are able to see areas of strength, pursue improvement opportunities, and secure the resources needed to deliver on organizational goals.*

## CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

- Overview - A summary examining the composition of your team for both DISC and behavioral segmentation expressed as a percentage.
- Team composition - Defines the makeup of your organization by behavioral segment and shares the DISC graphs of individuals on your team.
- Behavioral segment analysis - Examines the individuals within each segment, segment characteristics, ways to communicate, and ideal environment.
- Group wheel plots - Identifies the natural, adapted, and migrated styles of each team member.
- Behavioral characteristics hierarchy - Compares individual scores to others on the team, team averages, and population means.

## TEAM MEMBER LIST

James Alire	Ann Leitensdorfer
Kate Biben	Carol Mettenbrink
Vanessa Boettcher	Ryan Miller
Tom Bogart	Cherisse Mowry
David Bonnstetter	Cassandra Nelson
Alec Bonnstetter	Rico Rivera
Ron Bonnstetter	Cindy Rosser
Rick Bowers	Brent Rowland
John Carli	Anubhav Sharma
Craig Casimir	Robert Stokes
Nick Chris	Sandra Stoner
Dave Clark	Teresa Taylor
Rodney Cox	Bobby Tynning
Philip Daugs	Kefei Wang
Kayla DeVault	Adam Wong
Todd Fox	
Candice Frazer	
Eric Gehrig	
Susan Ginn	
Erin Healy	
Jill Heberling	
Dustin Hebets	
Cameron Hood	
Richard Hunt	
Nancy K.	
Anne Klink	
Amy Lane	
Favor Larson	



The TTI Success Insights® wheel is a graphic representation of a team's behavioral make-up among the four quadrants of the DISC wheel.

## OBSERVING DISC

Have you ever noticed:

- Some people are forceful, direct, and results-oriented
- Some are optimistic, fun, and talkative
- Some are steady, patient, and relaxed
- Some are precise, accurate, and detail-oriented

## DEFINING DISC

### Dominance

How you respond to problems and challenges

### Influence

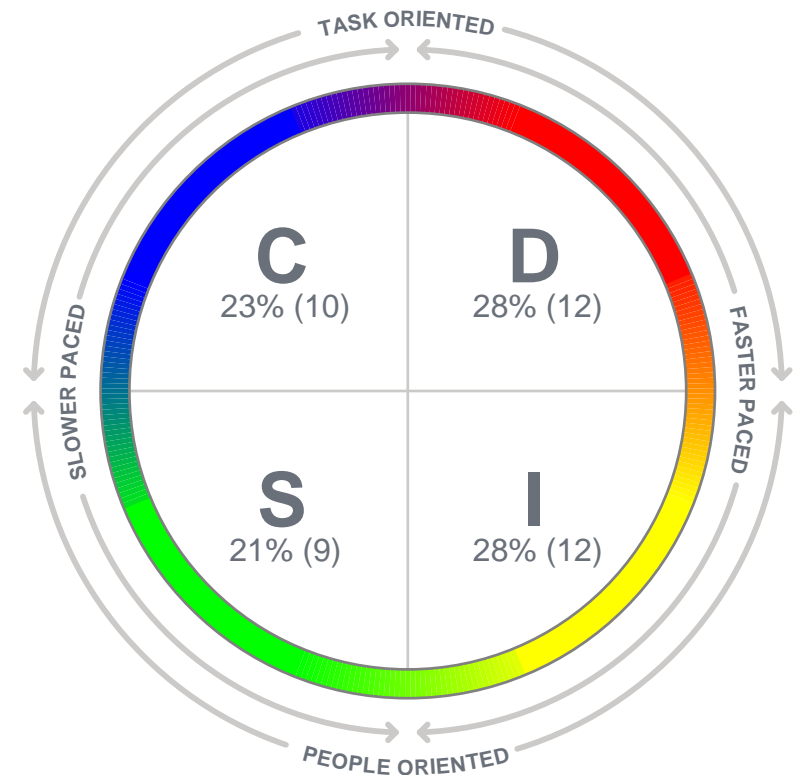
How you influence others to your point of view

### Steadiness

How you respond to the pace of the environment

### Compliance

How you respond to rules and procedures





# The TTI Success Insights® Wheel

The wheel illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles, while demonstrating the similarities and differences in behavioral styles among the team members. This wheel shows the behavioral composition of a team, represented as percentages in each of the eight segments.

## BEHAVIORAL SEGMENT DEFINITIONS

**CONDUCTOR - D** - People who tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results.

**PERSUADER - D/I** - People who tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion.

**PROMOTER - I** - People who tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes.

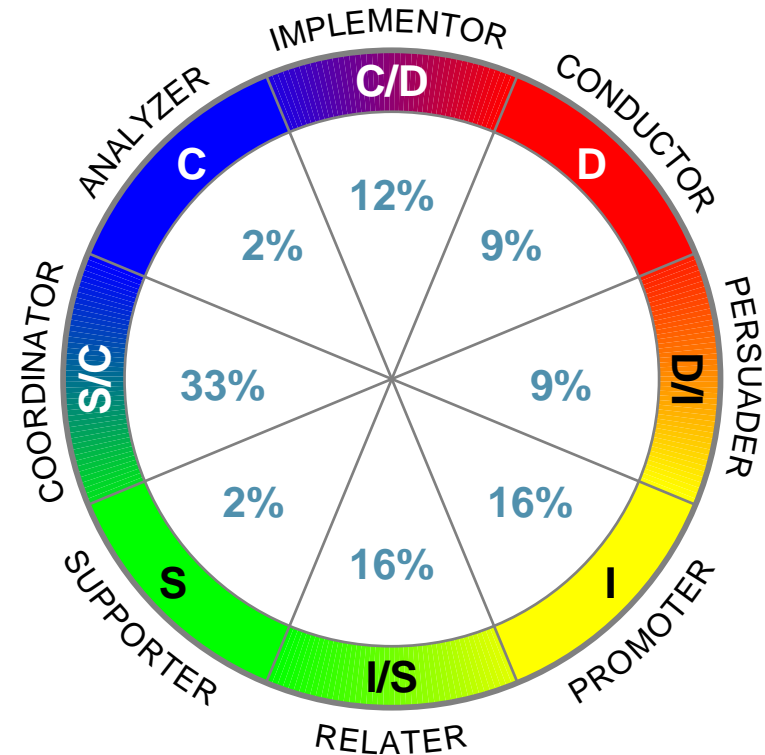
**RELATER - I/S** - People who tend to take time, think positively, and are focused on interpersonal relationships.

**SUPPORTER - S** - People who tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized.

**COORDINATOR - S/C** - People who tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks.

**ANALYZER - C** - People who tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and ensure the highest quality possible by gathering precise data.

**IMPLEMENTOR - C/D** - People who tend to assess, leverage facts and figures, and advance toward a solution.





# Coordinator Team Characteristics - (S/C)

Coordinators tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Coordinators.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Understand and preserve the need for quality systems
- Shows self-discipline
- Set and accomplish goals to high standards
- Implement and fine-tune the plan
- Identify problems, rules, errors, and procedures

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Downplay accomplishments
- Become stubborn under stress
- Communicate indirectly
- Lack confidence in self and team
- Suppress feelings

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced



Faster Paced

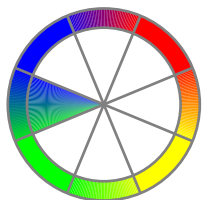


## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Respect for authority

Calming and stable

Looks for logical solutions



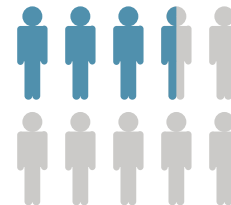
**21.28%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Proven

Standard

Organized



**14/43**  
33% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Unfamiliar

Hectic

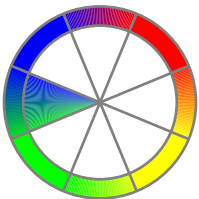
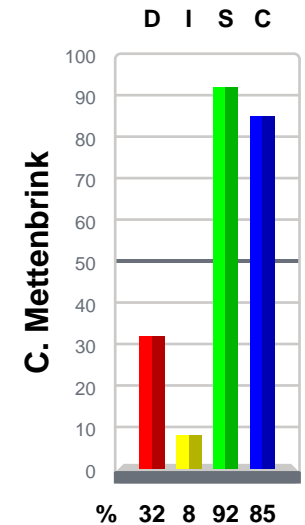
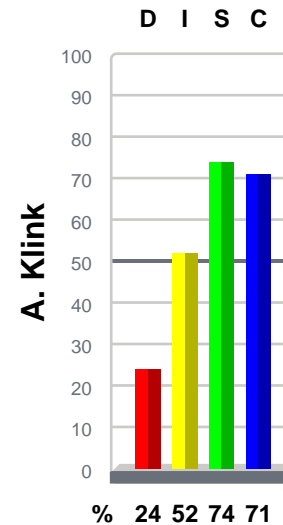
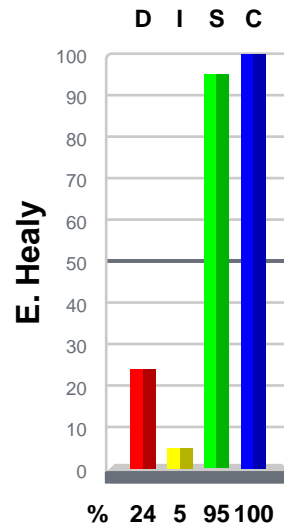
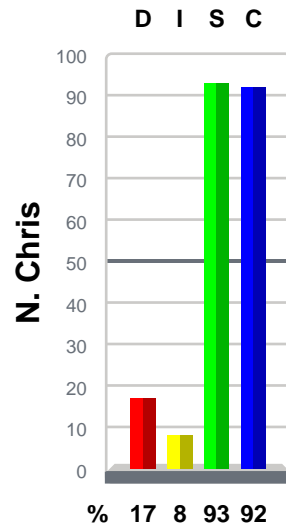
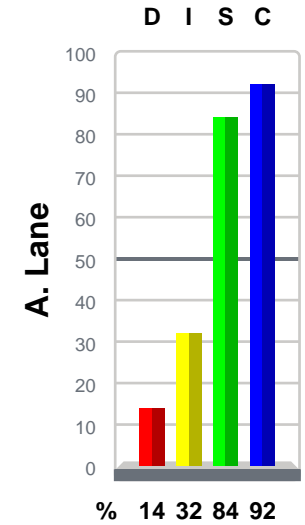
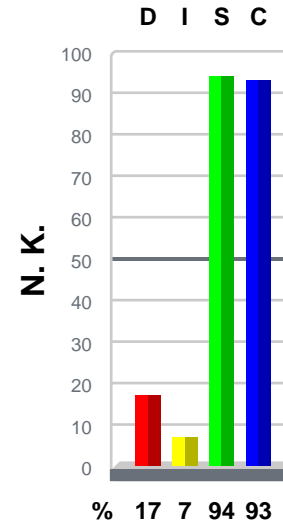
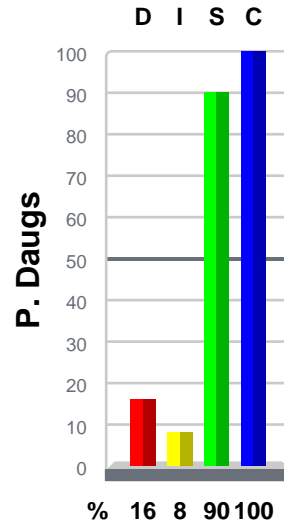
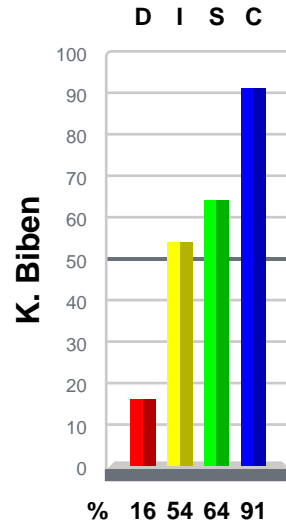
Incomplete



# Coordinator Team DISC Graphs - (S/C)

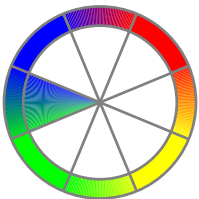
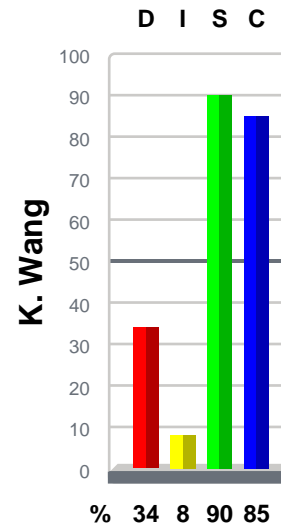
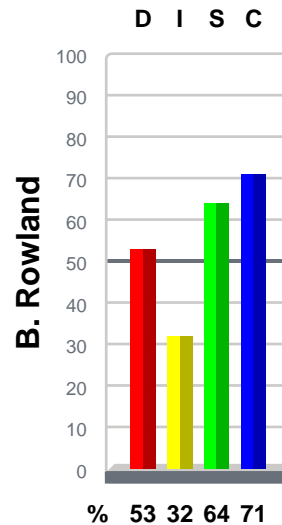
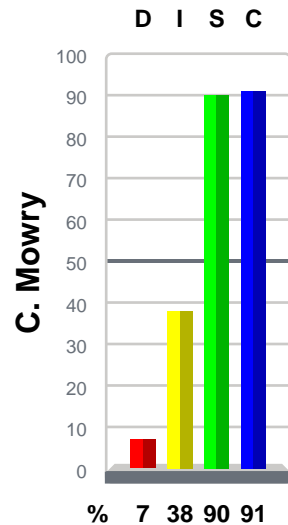
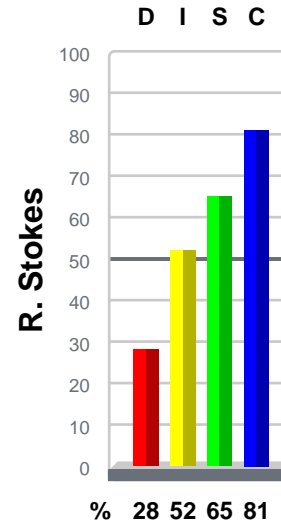
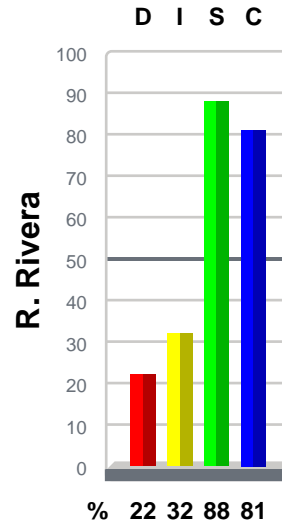
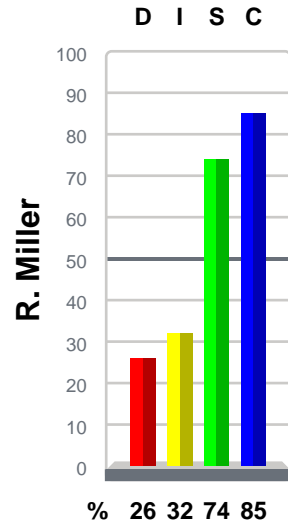
## COORDINATOR TEAM

- Kate Biben
- Nick Chris
- Philip Daugs
- Erin Healy
- Nancy K.
- Anne Klink
- Amy Lane
- Carol Mettenbrink
- Ryan Miller
- Cherisse Mowry
- Rico Rivera
- Brent Rowland
- Robert Stokes
- Kefei Wang





# Coordinator Team DISC Graphs - (S/C) Continued





# Promoter Team Characteristics - (I)

Promoters tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Promoters.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- See the "big picture" and communicate it
- Enjoy convincing people
- Communicate well with others
- Promote the team throughout the organization
- Advocate for new ideas and products

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Act before gathering information
- Emphasize fun over efficiency
- Overly optimistic about team abilities
- React based on emotions
- Inattentive to detail

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced



Faster Paced

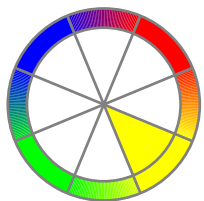


## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Spontaneity

Verbalize feelings

Effective use of humor



**17.46%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Flexible

Exciting

Inspiring



**7/43**  
16% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Ordinary

Quiet

Strict

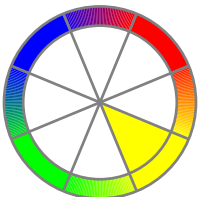
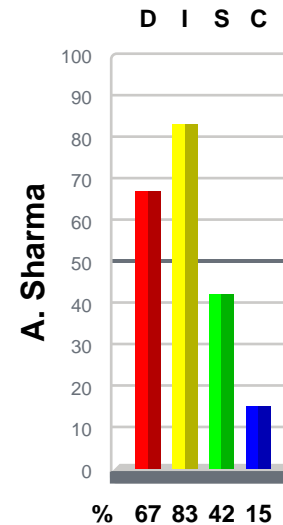
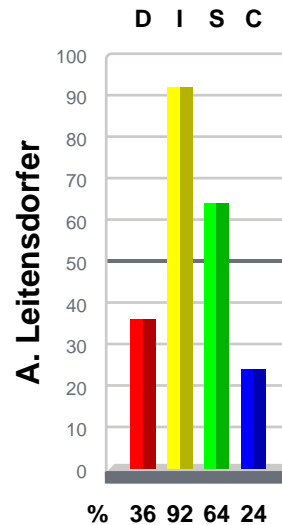
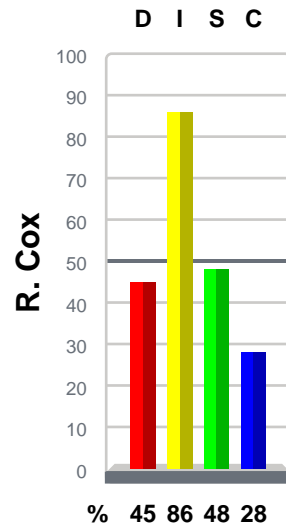
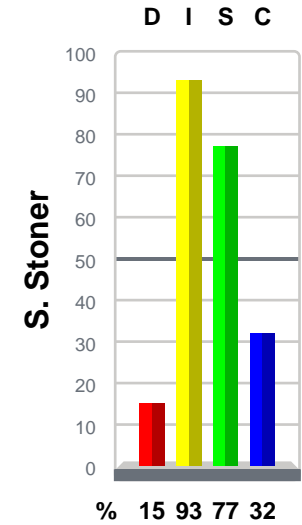
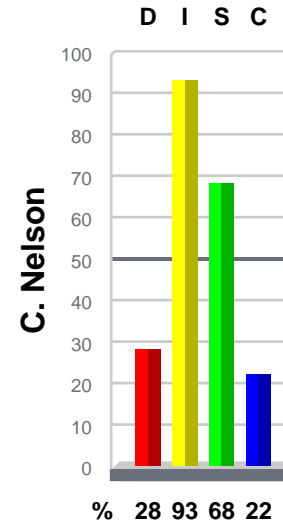
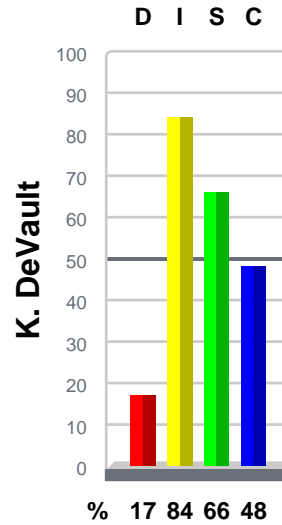
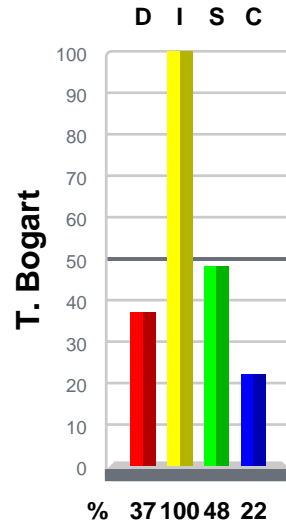




# Promoter Team DISC Graphs - (I)

## PROMOTER TEAM

Tom Bogart  
Rodney Cox  
Kayla DeVault  
Ann Leitensdorfer  
Cassandra Nelson  
Anubhav Sharma  
Sandra Stoner





# Relater Team Characteristics - (I/S)

Relaters tend to take time, think positively, and are focused on interpersonal relationships. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Relaters.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Show sensitivity to the feelings of others
- Possess strong commitment to team
- Show loyalty
- Offer understanding and friendship
- Promote and implement ideas

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Agree with the opinions of others
- Be passive and indecisive
- Avoid confrontation
- Act without urgency
- Tolerate the poor behavior of others

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced



Faster Paced

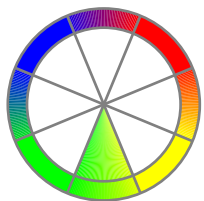


## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Tenacious

Team player

Builds strong relationships



**20.08%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Easygoing

Simple

Responsive



**7/43**  
16% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Complex

Abstract

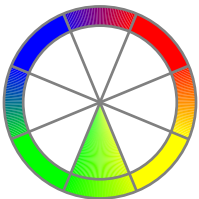
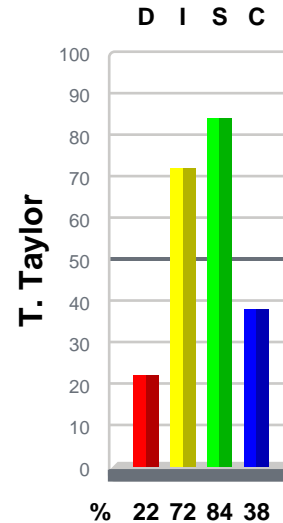
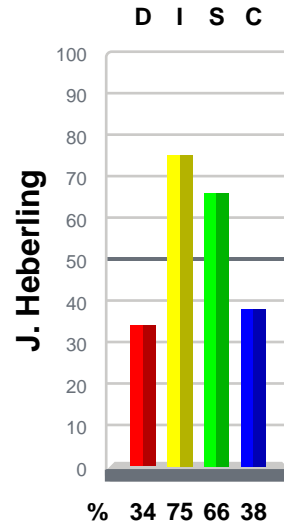
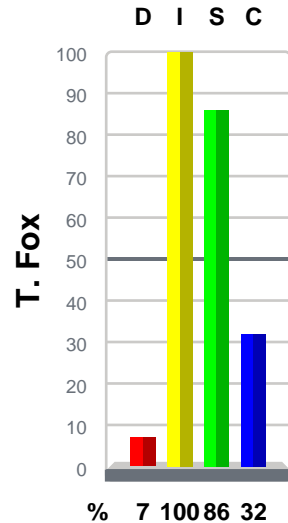
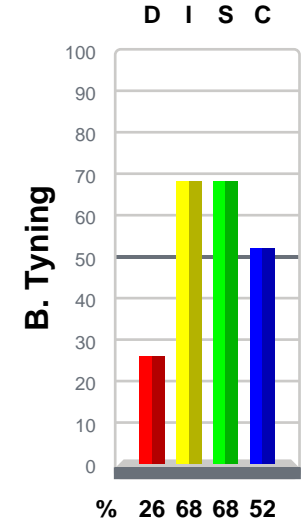
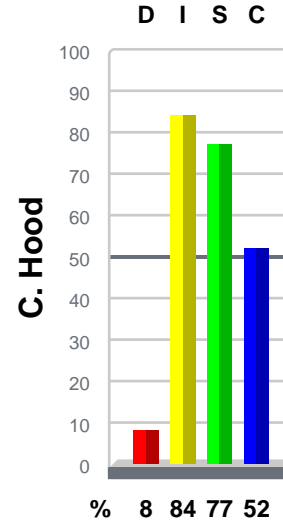
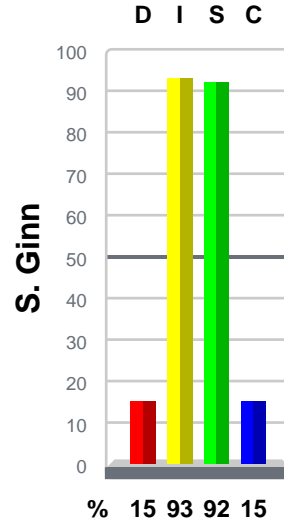
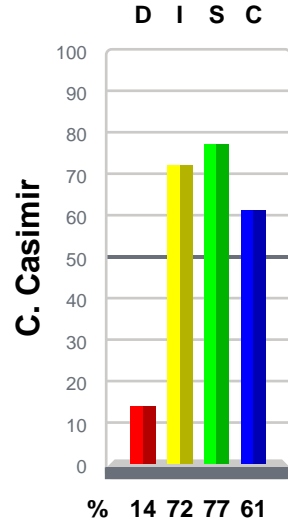
Analytical



# Relater Team DISC Graphs - (I/S)

## RELATER TEAM

Craig Casimir  
Todd Fox  
Susan Ginn  
Jill Heberling  
Cameron Hood  
Teresa Taylor  
Bobby Tynning





# Implementor Team Characteristics - (C/D)

Implementors tend to assess, leverage facts and figures, and advance toward a solution. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Implementors.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Finish tasks quickly
- Understand all facts before starting a project
- Expect high performance standards
- Make tough decisions using insight and facts
- Use time well

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Overuse facts and figures
- Make decisions inconsistently
- Criticize team members
- Take on too much within the team
- Become demanding under stress

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced



Faster Paced

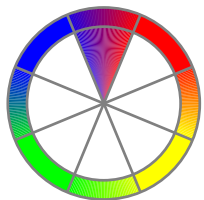


## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Pursues rational outcomes

Strong-willed

Creativity



**4.22%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Function

Action

Data



**5/43**  
12% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Relax

Perception

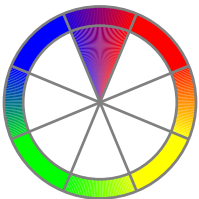
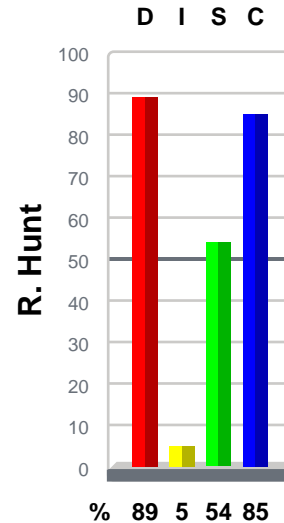
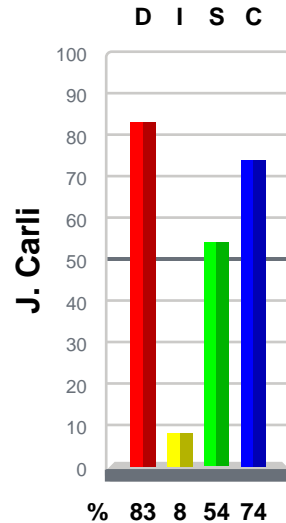
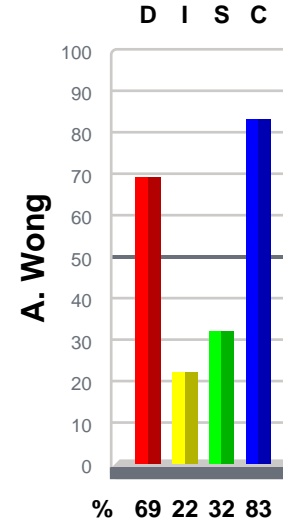
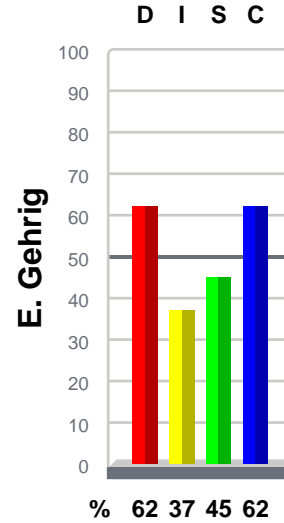
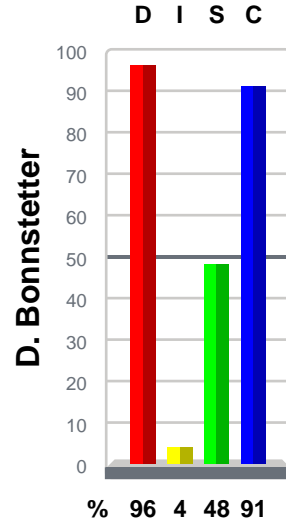
Assume



# Implementor Team DISC Graphs - (C/D)

## IMPLEMENTOR TEAM

David Bonnstetter  
John Carli  
Eric Gehrig  
Richard Hunt  
Adam Wong





# Conductor Team Characteristics - (D)

Conductors tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Conductors.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Happy to work on challenging assignments
- Enjoys confrontation
- Seeking problems to solve
- Driven toward results
- Comfortable with power and authority

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Overstep authority within the team
- Lack tact and diplomacy
- Dislike routine work
- Poor or selective listening
- Overconfident in their abilities

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced



Faster Paced

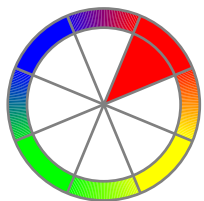


## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Self starter

Competitive

Challenges the status quo



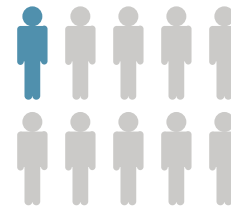
**7.12%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Quick

Advantage

Decisive



**4/43**  
9% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Inconsistent

Follow directions

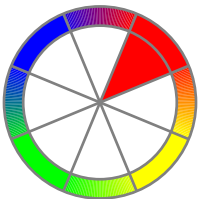
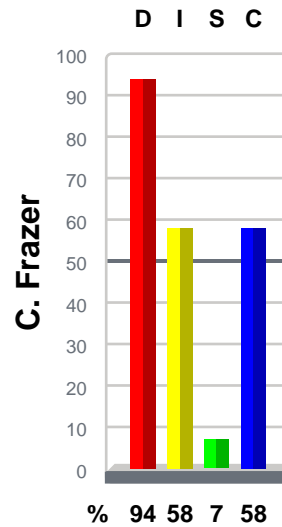
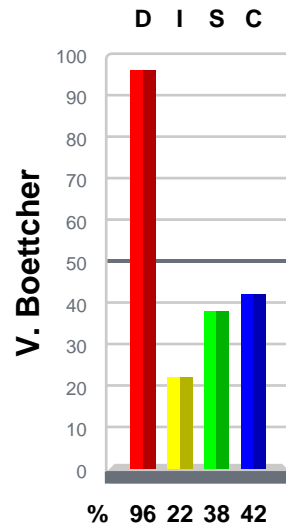
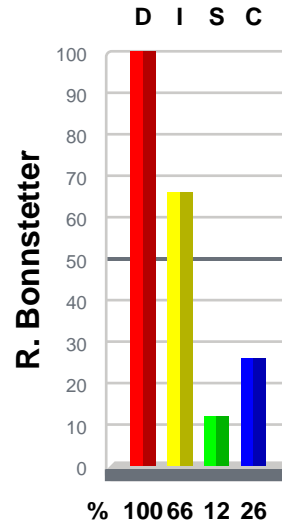
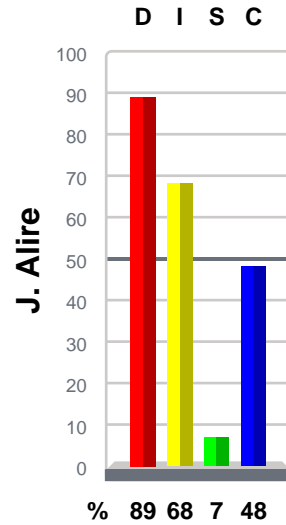
Patient



# Conductor Team DISC Graphs - (D)

## CONDUCTOR TEAM

James Alire  
Vanessa Boettcher  
Ron Bonnstetter  
Candice Frazer





# Persuader Team Characteristics - (D/I)

Persuaders tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Persuaders.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Get results through team members
- Optimistic about team goals
- Use their intuition
- Independent and autonomous
- Engage others in projects and tasks

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Do not manage time or deadlines well
- Avoid conflict within the team
- Be overly enthusiastic
- Leave tasks unfinished
- Take on too many responsibilities at once

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced

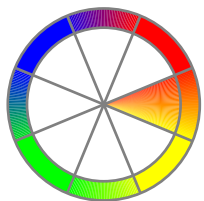


Faster Paced



## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Accomplishes goals through people  
 Cordially enterprising  
 Creative problem solving



**12.68%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Amazing  
 Unprecedented  
 Extraordinary



**4/43**  
9% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Standardized  
 Structured  
 Uniform

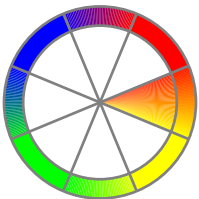
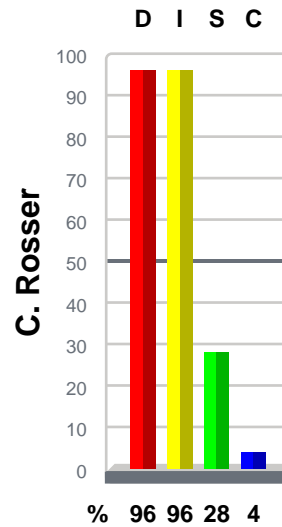
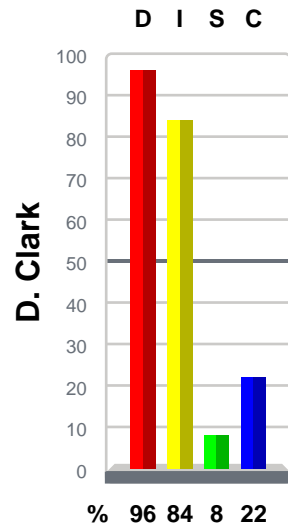
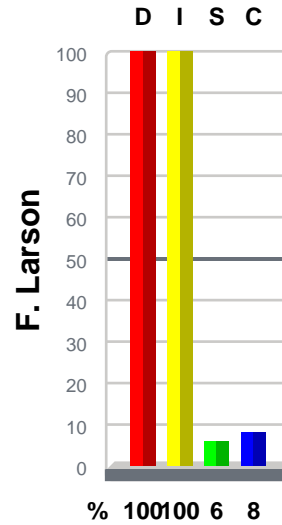
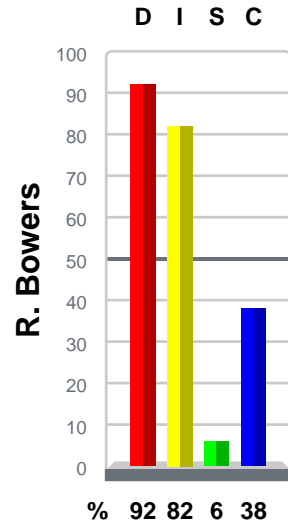




# Persuader Team DISC Graphs - (D/I)

## PERSUADER TEAM

Rick Bowers  
Dave Clark  
Favor Larson  
Cindy Rosser





# Analyzer Team Characteristics - (C)

Analizers tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and are careful to gather precise data to ensure the highest quality possible. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Analyzers.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Use data to problem solve
- Find the right way to proceed
- Operate in a self-disciplined manner
- Use facts to support their opinion and cause
- Accurate and precise

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Hesitate to act without sufficient facts
- Bound by organizational procedures and methods
- Conceal new ideas
- Keep their feelings to themselves
- Lean on team leader or supervisor

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced



Faster Paced

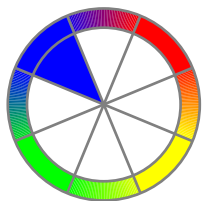


## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Concerned about quality

Will gather data for decision making

Maintains standards



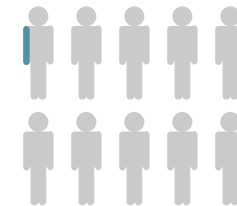
**5.12%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Factual

Precise

Verified



**1/43**  
2% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Imagine

Educated guess

Experimental

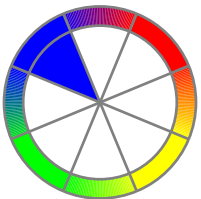
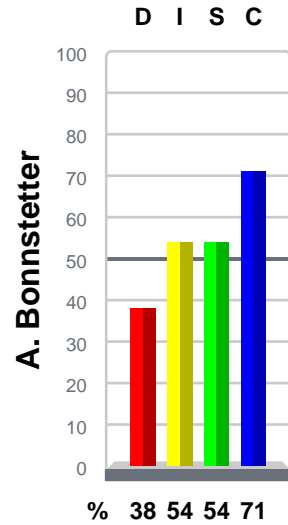


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# Analyzer Team DISC Graphs - (C)

## ANALYZER TEAM

Alec Bonnstetter





# Supporter Team Characteristics - (S)

Supporters tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized. The following information will give the team members a clear understanding and appreciation of Supporters.

## STRENGTHS AND WEAKNESSES

### POTENTIAL STRENGTHS

- Add stability to the team
- Listen well to others
- Comfort others and show patience
- Show loyalty to those they identify with
- Perform well in team environments

### POTENTIAL WEAKNESSES

- Do the work themselves, rather than delegate
- Get into too much detail
- Act slowly
- Resist team-initiated changes
- Hesitate to move forward

## BEHAVIORAL ATTRIBUTES

Task Oriented



People Oriented



Slower Paced



Faster Paced

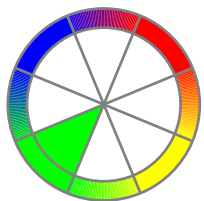


## VALUE TO THE ORGANIZATION

Good listener

Dependable team player

Patient and empathetic



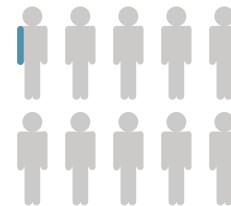
**11.90%**  
of the Population

## WORDS THAT WORK

Consistent

Usual

Secure



**1/43**  
2% of the Team

## WORDS THAT DON'T WORK

Unexpected

Urgent

Confrontation

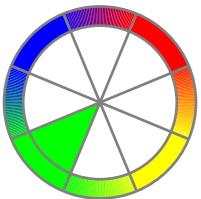
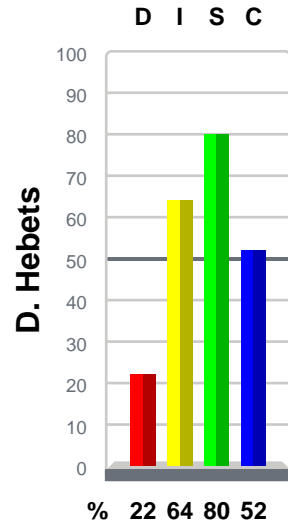


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# Supporter Team DISC Graphs - (S)

## SUPPORTER TEAM

Dustin Hebets





# Wheel Segment Definitions

The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains a definition and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

<b>CONDUCTOR - D (9%)</b>	<b>SUPPORTER - S (2%)</b>
People who tend to be direct, decisive, and seek results.	People who tend to be champions of sound ideas, working steadily and diligently to ensure a project is fully realized.
<b>PERSUADER - D/I (9%)</b>	<b>COORDINATOR - S/C (33%)</b>
People who tend to convince others by appealing to reason, understanding, or emotion.	People who tend to be fact-oriented and adhere to proven methods to complete projects and tasks.
<b>PROMOTER - I (16%)</b>	<b>ANALYZER - C (2%)</b>
People who tend to verbalize many thoughts to influence outcomes.	People who tend to seek out accuracy in all activities and ensure the highest quality possible by gathering precise data.
<b>RELATER - I/S (16%)</b>	<b>IMPLEMENTOR - C/D (12%)</b>
People who tend to take time, think positively, and are focused on interpersonal relationships.	People who tend to assess, leverage facts and figures, and advance toward a solution.



# Team Member Overview

The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains team members and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

<b>CONDUCTOR - D (9%)</b>	<b>SUPPORTER - S (2%)</b>	
James Aire Vanessa Boettcher Ron Bonnstetter Candice Frazer	Dustin Hebets	
<b>PERSUADER - D/I (9%)</b>	<b>COORDINATOR - S/C (33%)</b>	
Rick Bowers Dave Clark Favor Larson Cindy Rosser	Kate Biben Nick Chris Philip Daug Erin Healy Nancy K. Anne Klink Amy Lane	Carol Mettenbrink Ryan Miller Cherisse Mowry Rico Rivera Brent Rowland Robert Stokes Keifei Wang
<b>PROMOTER - I (16%)</b>	<b>ANALYZER - C (2%)</b>	
Tom Bogart Rodney Cox Kayla DeVault Ann Leitensdorfer Cassandra Nelson Anubhav Sharma Sandra Stoner	Alec Bonnstetter	
<b>RELATER - I/S (16%)</b>	<b>IMPLEMENTOR - C/D (12%)</b>	
Craig Casimir Todd Fox Susan Ginn Jill Heberling Cameron Hood Teresa Taylor Bobby Tynning	David Bonnstetter John Carli Eric Gehrig Richard Hunt Adam Wong	



# Team Member Characteristics

The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains team member characteristics and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

<b>CONDUCTOR - D (9%)</b>	<b>SUPPORTER - S (2%)</b>
Competitive Direct Results-oriented Acts with urgency Change agent Strong willed	Accommodating Reflective Persistent Composed Dependable Good listener
<b>PERSUADER - D/I (9%)</b>	<b>COORDINATOR - S/C (33%)</b>
Quick to change Independent Optimistic Confident Charismatic Influential	Slow to change Self-disciplined Executor Logical Realistic Process-oriented
<b>PROMOTER - I (16%)</b>	<b>ANALYZER - C (2%)</b>
Trusting Convincing Inspiring Outgoing Cordial Cheerful	Precise Accurate Focus on quality Critical listener Non-verbal communicator Detail-oriented
<b>RELATER - I/S (16%)</b>	<b>IMPLEMENTOR - C/D (12%)</b>
Good supporter Team player Persistent Cooperative Empathetic Compassionate	Creative Thorough thinker Task-oriented Fact-based Selective Inventive





# Ideal Environment for Team Members

The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains the ideal environment for the team and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

<b>CONDUCTOR - D (9%)</b>	<b>SUPPORTER - S (2%)</b>
Bold and aggressive actions Challenging assignments Expedites action Firm and quick decision making Results-oriented	Logical thinking Systematic routine Relaxed pace Team participation Security
<b>PERSUADER - D/I (9%)</b>	<b>COORDINATOR - S/C (33%)</b>
Enthusiasm Persuasive communications Results through people Testing of new ideas Competition with others	Adherence to standards Routine work Guidelines to follow Facts and data to analyze Diplomacy and cooperation
<b>PROMOTER - I (16%)</b>	<b>ANALYZER - C (2%)</b>
People contact Solutions to "people problems" Optimistic outlook Verbalizes thoughts and ideas Varied activities	High quality standards Procedures to follow Clean and tidy workstation Accuracy Analysis of facts and data
<b>RELATER - I/S (16%)</b>	<b>IMPLEMENTOR - C/D (12%)</b>
Teamwork Coaching and counseling Service to others Cooperative work environment Assistance to customers	Logical decisions Studying and solving problems Efficient methodology Effective time-management Fact-based solutions



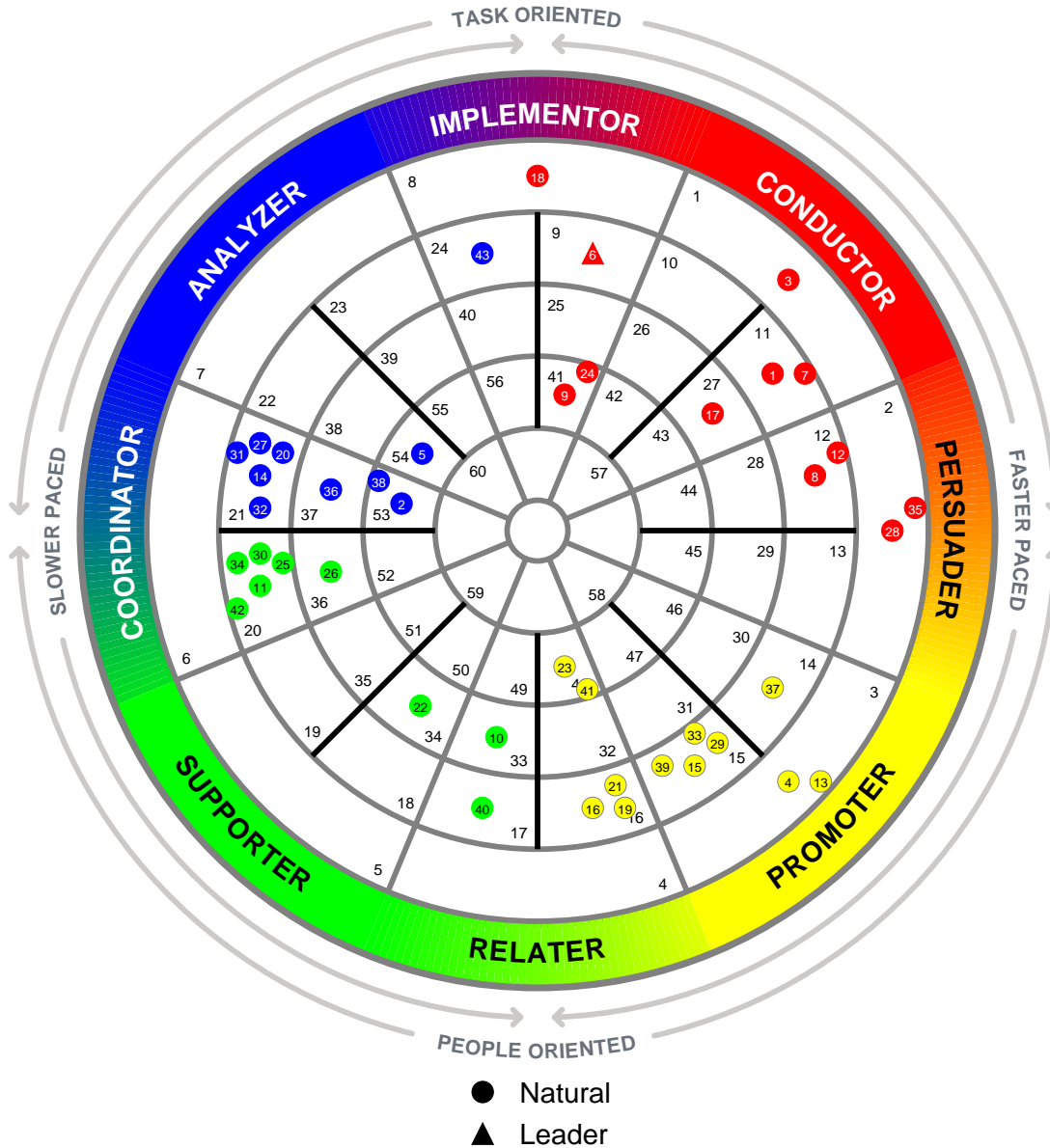
# Words That Don't Work with Team Members

The following matrix illustrates the blending of the four DISC styles into eight segments. Each segment contains the words that don't work with the team and the percentage of team members in the respective segment. Segments are deliberately located beside the segment that has the opposing style.

<b>CONDUCTOR - D (9%)</b>	<b>SUPPORTER - S (2%)</b>
Inconsistent Follow directions Patient	Unexpected Urgent Confrontation
<b>PERSUADER - D/I (9%)</b>	<b>COORDINATOR - S/C (33%)</b>
Standardized Structured Uniform	Unfamiliar Hectic Incomplete
<b>PROMOTER - I (16%)</b>	<b>ANALYZER - C (2%)</b>
Ordinary Quiet Strict	Imagine Educated guess Experimental
<b>RELATER - I/S (16%)</b>	<b>IMPLEMENTOR - C/D (12%)</b>
Complex Abstract Analytical	Relax Perception Assume



# TTI SUCCESS INSIGHTS® Group Wheel Natural



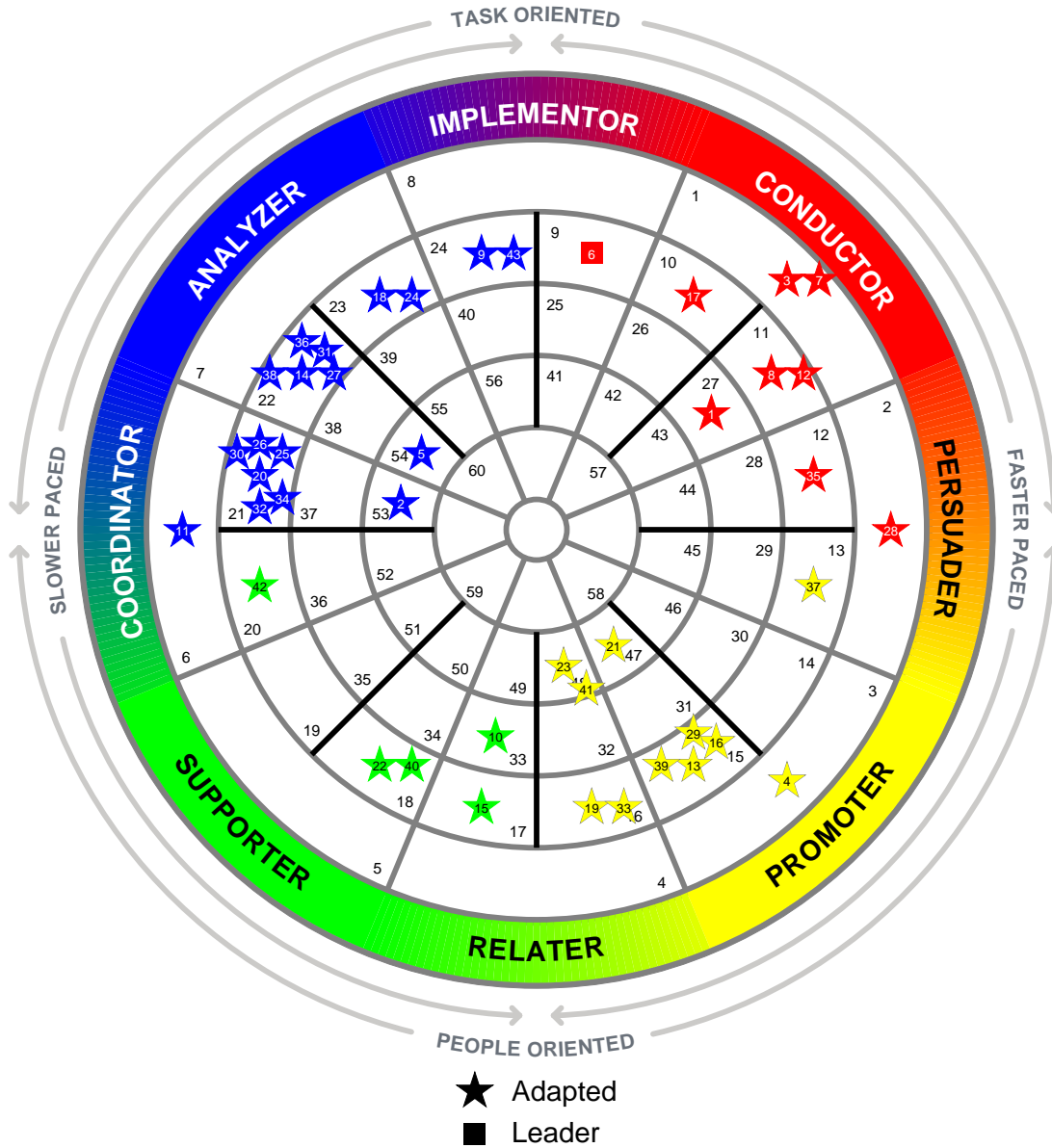
## TEAM MEMBERS

- 1: James Alire
- 2: Kate Biben
- 3: Vanessa Boettcher
- 4: Tom Bogart
- 5: Alec Bonnstetter
- 6: David Bonnstetter \*
- 7: Ron Bonnstetter
- 8: Rick Bowers
- 9: John Carli
- 10: Craig Casimir
- 11: Nick Chris
- 12: Dave Clark
- 13: Rodney Cox
- 14: Philip Daug
- 15: Kayla DeVault
- 16: Todd Fox
- 17: Candice Frazer
- 18: Eric Gehrig
- 19: Susan Ginn
- 20: Erin Healy
- 21: Jill Heberling
- 22: Dustin Heberts
- 23: Cameron Hood
- 24: Richard Hunt
- 25: Nancy K.
- 26: Anne Klink
- 27: Amy Lane
- 28: Favor Larson
- 29: Ann Leitensdorfer
- 30: Carol Mettenbrink
- 31: Ryan Miller
- 32: Cherisse Mowry
- 33: Cassandra Nelson
- 34: Rico Rivera
- 35: Cindy Rosser
- 36: Brent Rowland
- 37: Anubhav Sharma
- 38: Robert Stokes
- 39: Sandra Stoner
- 40: Teresa Taylor
- 41: Bobby Tyning
- 42: Kefei Wang
- 43: Adam Wong



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# Group Wheel Adapted



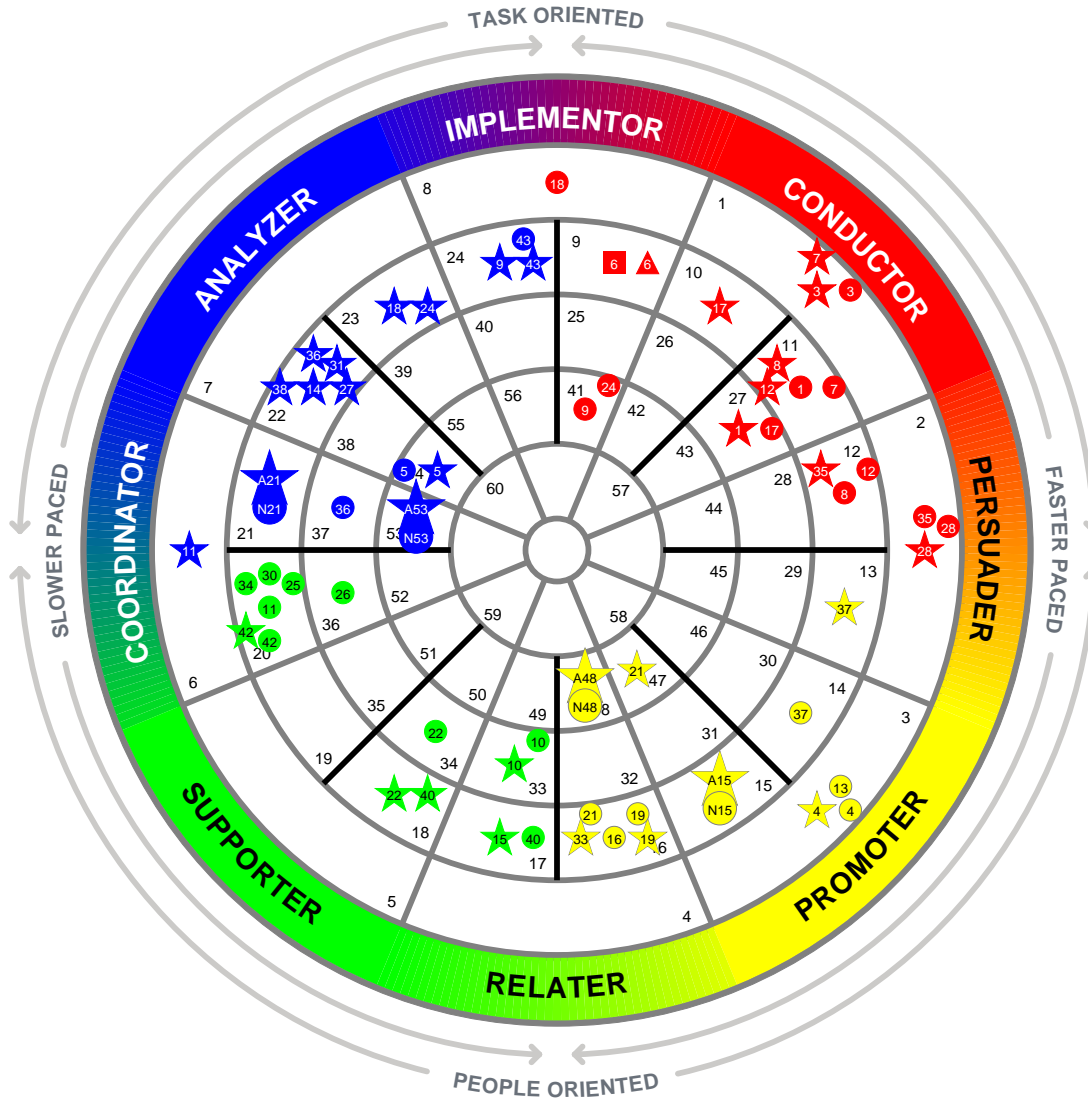
## TEAM MEMBERS

- 1: James Aire
- 2: Kate Biben
- 3: Vanessa Boettcher
- 4: Tom Bogart
- 5: Alec Bonnstetter
- 6: David Bonnstetter \*
- 7: Ron Bonnstetter
- 8: Rick Bowers
- 9: John Carli
- 10: Craig Casimir
- 11: Nick Chris
- 12: Dave Clark
- 13: Rodney Cox
- 14: Philip Dausg
- 15: Kayla DeVault
- 16: Todd Fox
- 17: Candice Frazer
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- 20: Erin Healy
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- 28: Favor Larson
- 29: Ann Leitensdorfer
- 30: Carol Mettenbrink
- 31: Ryan Miller
- 32: Cherrisse Mowry
- 33: Cassandra Nelson
- 34: Rico Rivera
- 35: Cindy Rosser
- 36: Brent Rowland
- 37: Anubhav Sharma
- 38: Robert Stokes
- 39: Sandra Stoner
- 40: Teresa Taylor
- 41: Bobby Tynning
- 42: Kefei Wang
- 43: Adam Wong



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# Group Wheel Migration



- ★ Adapted
- Natural
- Leader
- ▲ Leader

## TEAM MEMBERS

- 1: James Alire
- A53/N53: Kate Biben
- 3: Vanessa Boettcher
- 4: Tom Bogart
- 5: Alec Bonnstetter
- 6: David Bonnstetter \*
- 7: Ron Bonnstetter
- 8: Rick Bowers
- 9: John Carli
- 10: Craig Casimir
- 11: Nick Chris
- 12: Dave Clark
- A15/13: Rodney Cox
- 14/N21: Philip Daus
- 15/N15: Kayla DeVault
- A15/16: Todd Fox
- 17: Candice Frazer
- 18: Eric Gehrig
- 19: Susan Ginn
- A21/N21: Erin Healy
- 21: Jill Heberling
- 22: Dustin Hebets
- A48/N48: Cameron Hood
- 24: Richard Hunt
- A21/25: Nancy K.
- A21/26: Anne Klink
- 27/N21: Amy Lane
- 28: Favor Larson
- A15/N15: Ann Leitensdorfer
- A21/30: Carol Mettenbrink
- 31/N21: Ryan Miller
- A21/N21: Cherisse Mowry
- 33/N15: Cassandra Nelson
- A21/34: Rico Rivera
- 35: Cindy Rosser
- 36: Brent Rowland
- 37: Anubhav Sharma
- 38/N53: Robert Stokes
- A15/N15: Sandra Stoner
- 40: Teresa Taylor
- A48/N48: Bobby Tynning
- 42: Kefei Wang
- 43: Adam Wong



## Behavioral Hierarchy Defined

*Twelve behavioral factors that are critical to team success are measured in this assessment. Comprehending each phrase and its definition drives a common language that will enable you to compare individual scores, the team average, and the population means on subsequent pages.*

**Analysis** - Compile, confirm and organize information.

**Competitive** - Want to win or gain an advantage.

**Consistent** - Perform predictably in repetitive situations.

**Customer-Oriented** - Identify and fulfill customer expectations.

**Persistence** - Finish tasks despite challenges or resistance.

**Following Policy** - Adhere to rules, regulations, or existing methods.

**Frequent Change** - Rapidly shift between tasks.

**Interaction** - Frequently engage and communicate with others.

**Organized Workplace** - Establish and maintain specific order in daily activities.

**People-Oriented** - Build rapport with a wide range of individuals.

**Urgency** - Take immediate action.

**Versatile** - Adapt to various situations with ease.

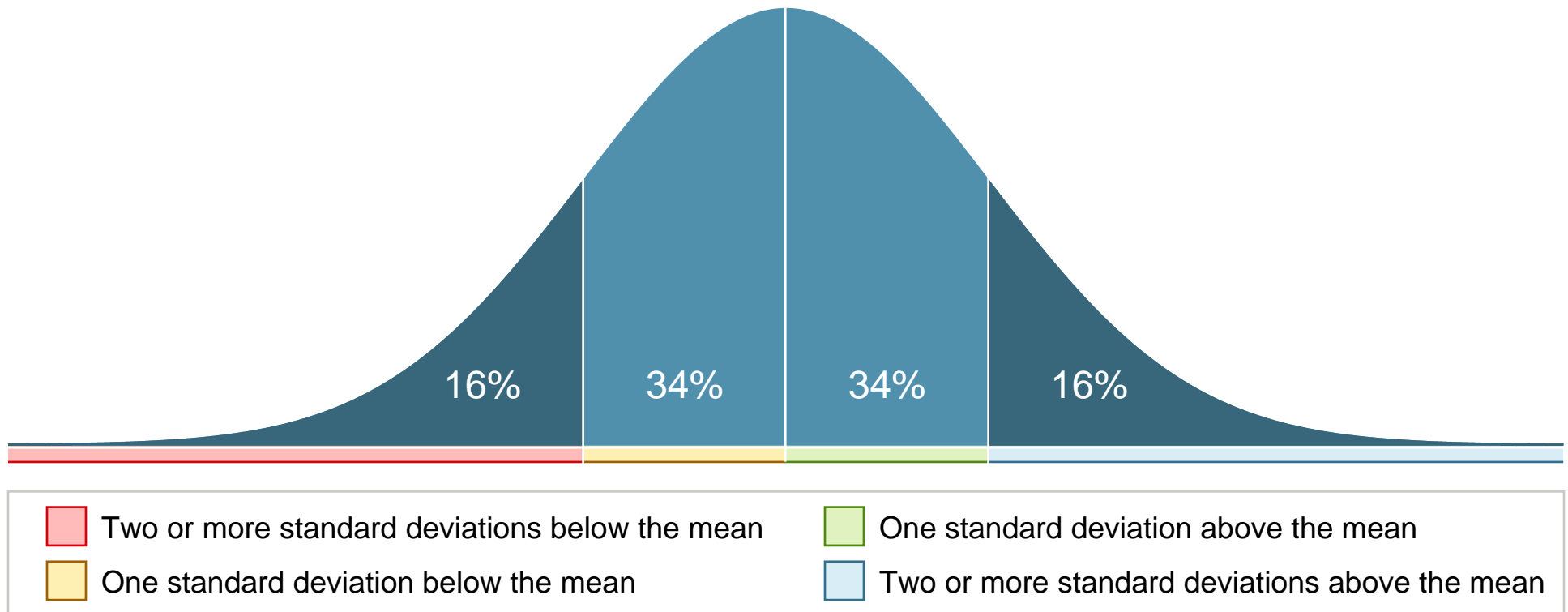


# The Bell Curve Defined

*Understanding how to read a bell curve and standard deviation will enable you to clearly analyze the composition of your team.*

The bell curve, known as a normal distribution, is the most common type of distribution for a population. The highest point on the curve, represents the highest population of people, or the mean of the group. The standard deviation is a number used to show how data is spread out from the mean, representing a percentage of the total data collected.

For example, if the assessment scores of 100 people are collected and used in a normal probability distribution, 68 people, representing 68% of the 100 assessment scores, should fall within one standard deviation of the mean. Thirty four percent will be one standard deviation above the mean and 34% will be one standard deviation below the mean. The remaining 32% of people will be two or more standard deviations away from the mean. Sixteen percent will be two or more standard deviations above the mean and 16% will be two or more standard deviations below the mean.





# Behavioral Style Comparison

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	D. Bonnstetter ●	J. Alire	K. Biben	V. Boettcher	T. Bogart	A. Bonnstetter	R. Bonnstetter	R. Bowers	J. Carli	C. Casimir	Mean
Consistent	64	65	32	82	50	45	72	25	20	70	72	61
Following Policy	63	70	38	78	52	40	68	28	25	70	72	60
People-Oriented	62	30	45	65	35	65	55	50	60	30	90	65
Persistence	62	65	40	70	60	37	73	35	30	75	67	61
Customer-Oriented	60	22	37	62	30	73	65	37	43	35	78	64
Analysis	58	83	45	75	70	20	70	35	25	83	55	53
Organized Workplace	57	100	30	75	70	20	70	25	22	95	50	51
Interaction	55	10	70	35	30	100	45	70	90	20	60	60
Versatile	51	27	85	37	50	80	47	85	100	30	50	54
Frequent Change	49	45	82	28	62	70	42	88	90	45	40	52
Competitive	47	75	100	20	100	40	40	100	90	80	20	49
Urgency	43	82	100	24	90	40	38	100	100	66	18	43

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

● Team Leader

One standard deviation above the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean





# Behavioral Style Comparison Continued

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	D. Bonnstetter ●	N. Chris	D. Clark	R. Cox	P. Daug	K. DeVault	T. Fox	C. Frazer	E. Gehrig	S. Ginn	Mean
Consistent	64	65	100	18	42	100	62	65	35	62	58	61
Following Policy	63	70	98	22	40	95	58	58	42	68	52	60
People-Oriented	62	30	55	60	75	55	85	90	40	40	90	65
Persistence	62	65	90	28	40	90	53	53	42	68	47	61
Customer-Oriented	60	22	50	43	77	52	90	87	40	48	87	64
Analysis	58	83	100	20	20	100	30	25	55	80	15	53
Organized Workplace	57	100	100	20	20	100	30	25	38	80	15	51
Interaction	55	10	10	90	90	10	90	100	55	40	100	60
Versatile	51	27	10	100	80	13	70	60	70	47	55	54
Frequent Change	49	45	10	92	70	10	50	48	75	50	52	52
Competitive	47	75	20	90	50	20	20	10	100	65	20	49
Urgency	43	82	12	100	44	13	24	11	100	56	12	43

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

● Team Leader

One standard deviation above the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean



# Behavioral Style Comparison Continued

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	D. Bonnstetter ●	E. Healy	J. Heberling	D. Hebets	C. Hood	R. Hunt	N. K.	A. Klink	A. Lane	F. Larson	Mean
Consistent	64	65	98	58	72	68	72	100	80	95	10	61
Following Policy	63	70	98	52	70	68	72	98	78	90	18	60
People-Oriented	62	30	55	80	80	95	30	55	75	65	50	65
Persistence	62	65	90	53	67	60	72	90	80	87	20	61
Customer-Oriented	60	22	52	80	80	82	30	50	75	60	37	64
Analysis	58	83	100	35	50	35	87	100	70	90	10	53
Organized Workplace	57	100	100	30	45	35	100	100	70	90	15	51
Interaction	55	10	10	80	60	70	15	10	45	25	100	60
Versatile	51	27	10	60	50	60	27	10	40	23	100	54
Frequent Change	49	45	15	58	48	45	42	10	35	15	100	52
Competitive	47	75	30	40	30	10	80	20	30	20	90	49
Urgency	43	82	14	31	20	15	71	12	23	15	100	43

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

● Team Leader

One standard deviation above the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean



# Behavioral Style Comparison Continued

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	D. Bonnstetter ●	A. Leitensdorfer	C. Mettenbrink	R. Miller	C. Mowry	C. Nelson	R. Rivera	C. Rosser	B. Rowland	A. Sharma	Mean
Consistent	64	65	52	95	90	95	55	92	12	75	30	61
Following Policy	63	70	42	92	88	92	48	90	20	75	35	60
People-Oriented	62	30	75	55	60	65	75	65	60	50	75	65
Persistence	62	65	43	93	87	87	43	90	25	80	40	61
Customer-Oriented	60	22	80	50	62	58	87	65	43	52	67	64
Analysis	58	83	20	100	90	90	20	90	10	85	15	53
Organized Workplace	57	100	20	100	90	90	20	90	18	85	15	51
Interaction	55	10	100	15	30	25	100	30	100	35	90	60
Versatile	51	27	70	13	30	23	70	27	90	37	80	54
Frequent Change	49	45	65	20	28	15	62	22	95	40	78	52
Competitive	47	75	40	40	30	10	30	30	90	60	75	49
Urgency	43	82	33	19	24	10	28	16	98	40	62	43

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

● Team Leader

One standard deviation above the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean



# Behavioral Style Comparison Continued

Behavioral Characteristics	Team Avg.	D. Bonnstetter ●	R. Stokes	S. Stoner	T. Taylor	B. Tynning	K. Wang	A. Wong	Mean
Consistent	64	65	80	62	65	70	95	68	61
Following Policy	63	70	78	52	62	68	90	72	60
People-Oriented	62	30	65	85	95	70	55	35	65
Persistence	62	65	73	50	60	63	93	72	61
Customer-Oriented	60	22	68	87	93	78	52	35	64
Analysis	58	83	75	25	35	50	100	95	53
Organized Workplace	57	100	75	25	30	45	100	95	51
Interaction	55	10	40	100	80	60	15	25	60
Versatile	51	27	40	65	50	53	17	40	54
Frequent Change	49	45	35	52	48	50	20	45	52
Competitive	47	75	30	20	30	30	40	65	49
Urgency	43	82	29	18	18	27	21	72	43

Two or more standard deviations below the mean

One standard deviation below the mean

● Team Leader

One standard deviation above the mean

Two or more standard deviations above the mean